

# IFE Level 2 Certificate in Fire Science, Operations and Safety (VRQ)

Qualification Number: 500/5925/7

#### Introduction

The IFE Level 2 Certificate in Fire Science, Operations and Safety (VRQ) has been developed by the Institution of Fire Engineers (IFE), representatives of Fire and Rescue services and other fire professionals. The content and structure of the qualification has been established to reflect best professional practice and covers key knowledge and understanding in the areas of fire engineering science, fire service operations and fire safety.

#### Aims of the Qualification

The IFE Level 2 Certificate in Fire Science, Operations and Safety (VRQ) has been designed to enable individuals to demonstrate a wide range of critical knowledge and understanding relevant to the role of firefighter. Success in the qualification will enable individuals to demonstrate that they can apply their knowledge and skills to provide solutions in diverse fire and rescue situations.

#### **Target Audience**

The qualification will meet the needs of:

- Those employed, or preparing for employment, as firefighters who wish to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding relevant to the role;
- Those operating in specialist contexts, such as aviation fire operations or fire safety inspection roles, who wish to demonstrate knowledge and understanding relevant to the role;
- Other fire professionals who wish to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of fire engineering science, fire operations and fire safety.

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## **Learning Outcomes**

Candidates who achieve this qualification should be able to:

- Carry out mathematical calculations accurately
- Understand scientific principles in relation to fire and the methods of extinguishing fire
- Understand basic procedures and how to use equipment in firefighting operations
- Understand the safety precautions and prevention methods used to protect individuals and the built environment

#### **Qualification Structure**

The qualification consists of one unit, Fire Science, Operations and Fire Safety (Ofqual Unit Reference number R/505/5748).

The unit is divided into three sections:

- Fire Engineering Science
- Fire Service Operations
- Fire Safety

#### Form of Assessment

The assessment takes the form of one written three-hour examination. The examination contains 120 multiple choice questions.

The examination is divided into three sections, reflecting the three sub-sections of the unit. The Fire Engineering Science and Fire Service Operations sections of the paper each contain 45 questions and the Fire Safety section contains 30 questions.

#### **Grading and Certification**

Successful candidates will be awarded a Pass Certificate. Outcomes are not graded.

In order to achieve a Pass, candidates must achieve at least 50% of the marks available ie 60 correct responses. (Note: grade boundaries are reviewed and confirmed by an expert panel review following each examination session in line with best practice awarding procedures.)

Candidates do not need to achieve a minimum number of marks in each of the sub-sections of the examination. The total number of correct answers from across the whole paper is used to determine whether or not candidates have met the minimum requirement to achieve a Pass.

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### **Entry Requirements**

There are no formal entry requirements. However, candidates are advised that mathematical skills will be required in order to carry out and complete calculations in section 1 of the examination.

## **Progression**

Candidates who are successful in achieving the Level 2 Certificate will have developed knowledge and understanding that will prepare them to undertake further study. Candidates may wish to progress to qualifications at Level 3 such as the IFE Level 3 Certificate and/or the IFE Level 3 Diploma. Candidates may choose to progress to specific units only at Level 3 (eg Fire Safety) if they prefer to extend specific aspects of their knowledge and understanding rather than achieving full qualifications.

# **Unit 1: Fire Science, Operations and Fire Safety**

Unit Reference Number: R/505/5748

# **Section 1: Fire Engineering Science**

## 1. Mathematics

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Carry out calculations to determine the area, volume and capacity of various shapes	<ul> <li>Shapes including: square, triangle, rectangle, trapezium, rhombus, circle, cylinder, cube, irregularly shaped objects</li> <li>How to calculate area, volume, capacity</li> <li>Units of measurement for different purposes</li> <li>Presentation of calculations</li> </ul>
1.2 Calculate the capacity of hose and/or pipelines	How to calculate capacity

## 2. Physical Properties of Matter

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
2.1 Define, understand and use	Mass
terms	• Density
	Vapour density
	Liquids of different density
	Gases of different density
	Matter and energy
	Melting point, boiling point and evaporation

#### 3. Mechanics

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Define and understand basic	Motion
terms and be able to carry out	Momentum
basic calculations involving	Force
physical mechanics	Work
	Energy
	• Power
	Friction
	Weight
	Pressure
	Mass
	Velocity

## 4. Heat

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
4.1 Define the terms "heat" and	Definition of heat
"temperature" and explain the	Definition of temperature
relationship between them	Relationship between heat and temperature
4.2 Demonstrate an understanding	Liquid thermometers
of how temperature is	The air or gas thermometer
measured	Using solids to measure temperature
	Thermocouples
	Electrical resistance
	Thermistors
	Comparison by brightness
	Infra red
	Thermometric scales
	The Celsius or Centigrade scale
	The Fahrenheit scale
	The Kelvin scale
4.3 Define and use units of heat	The Joule(J)
	The Calorie
	The British Thermal Unit (Btu)
4.4 Define and apply terms that	Specific heat
apply to heat and heat and heat	Change of state and latent heat
transfer	Latent heat of vaporisation
	The effect of change of pressure on the boiling point and
	latent heat
	Latent heat of fusion
	Cooling by evaporation
4.5 Describe the processes of heat	Conduction
transmission	Convection
	Radiation
4.6 Understand the principles of	The thermal expansion of solids
thermal expansion	The coefficient of linear expansion
and the superior	Thermostats
	The coefficient of superficial and cubical expansion of
	solids
	Thermal expansion of liquids
	Cubical expansion
	The effect of expansion on density
	The expansion of gases
	Temperature, pressure, volume
4.7 Define and understand the Gas	Boyle's Law
Laws	Charles's Law
20113	Law of Pressures
	The General Gas Law
49 Understand the basic principles	
4.8 Understand the basic principles of the liquefaction of gases	Critical temperature and pressure     Liquified gazes in cylinders
or the ilqueraction of gases	Liquefied gases in cylinders     Cylingerian
	Sublimation

# 5. Hydraulics

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
5.1 Know and understand the	Density
properties and reactions of	Mass
water	Boiling point
	Freezing point
5.2 Describe and understand how	SI unit - Newton per square metre (N/m2)
pressure is measured	Bar
	Relationship between different units
5.3 Describe the effects of pressure	The principle characteristics of pressure
	The relationship between pressure and head of water
	The loss of pressure due to friction
	That energy changes in water streams

## 6. Chemistry

6. Chemistry	
Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
6.1 Define and use chemical terms	<ul> <li>Atom</li> <li>Molecule</li> <li>Element</li> <li>Compound</li> <li>Mixture</li> <li>Radical</li> </ul>
6.2 Describe atoms and molecules	<ul> <li>Components of an atom – protons, neutrons, electrons, shell</li> <li>Atomic mass</li> <li>Molecular mass</li> <li>Valency</li> <li>Reactivity</li> </ul>
6.3 Understand the use of chemical symbols	<ul> <li>To describe elements</li> <li>To write formulae</li> <li>To write simple equations</li> </ul>
6.4 Define and understand the terms flashpoint, fire point and spontaneous ignition temperatures	<ul> <li>Flashpoint</li> <li>Fire point</li> <li>Spontaneous ignition temperatures</li> </ul>
6.5 Understand and apply the principles of chemistry to the extinction of fire	<ul> <li>Principles involved in the extinction of fire by:         <ul> <li>Smothering</li> <li>Cooling</li> <li>Oxygen starvation</li> </ul> </li> <li>That a combustion is a type of chemical reaction</li> <li>The principle of the fire "tetrahedron"</li> <li>The components of the fire tetrahedron: fuel, heat, oxygen, chemical chain reaction</li> <li>Types of flames</li> </ul>
6.6 Explain the action of fire extinguishing media	<ul><li>Water</li><li>Inert gas</li><li>Foam</li></ul>

Vaporising liquids
<ul> <li>Carbon dioxide and inert gases</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Dry chemical powders</li> </ul>
Blanketing
Beating

# 7. Electricity

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
7.1 Define, understand and use	Definition and use of the following in calculations:
basic electrical symbols and	• Volts
terms	Amperes
	• Ohms
	Watts
	Joules
	Electrical current
7.2 Describe and carry out	Principles of Ohm's Law
calculations using Ohm's Law	Use Ohm's Law to solve problems
7.3 Explain the purpose and	Purpose of conductors
significance of conductors and	Examples of conductors e.g. copper, aluminium
insulators	Examples of insulators for different purposes
7.4 Explain the reasons for	Short circuits
providing earth connections and	Circuit breakers
other protective devices to	• Fuses
electrical circuits	Miniature circuit breakers (MCB)
	Residual Current Device (RCD)

# **Section 2: Fire Service Operations**

## 1. Incident Command

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Understand the stages involved	Initial assessment of an incident
in an incident and the activities	Development
undertaken	Closing stage
	Post-incident activities including debriefing
1.2 Understand the incident	The impact of health and safety on the incident ground
command system	Definitions relating to incident command
	Incident command structure
	Lines of command
	Span of control
	Shared responsibility and authority – roles in the incident
	command system
	Sectorisation of incidents
	Use of cordons
	Levels of control: strategic, tactical, operational

## 2. Search and Rescue

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
2.1 Understand the basic principles	Basic methods of search
involved in evacuating and	Basic methods of rescue
searching for casualties	Equipment and processes used in rescue
	Rescue of casualties
	Evacuation

# 3. Firefighting

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Demonstrate a basic knowledge	Chimney fires
of how to tackle incidents in	One room fires
different situations	Duct fires
	Roof fires
	Basement and underground fires
	High rise building fires
3.2 Understand the basic principles	Action to be taken on initial entry
and procedures for tactical	<ul> <li>Working in smoke, heat or darkness</li> </ul>
firefighting interventions	<ul> <li>Identifying risks including explosion risks, signs of</li> </ul>
	building collapse, hazardous materials
	Evacuation procedures
	Establishing bridgehead
3.3 Understand the use of breathing	Precautions to be taken when donning Breathing
apparatus at an incident	Apparatus
	Breathing Apparatus entry control procedures

Basic procedural rules to be followed by breathing
apparatus wearers
Principles involved in searching while wearing breathing
apparatus
Breathing apparatus line signals

# 4. Ventilation and Salvage

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
4.1 Understand the methods and	Types of ventilation
value of ventilation	Know why, when and how to ventilate, e.g. PPV
4.2 Understand the benefits of	Methods of limiting and mitigating damage to a building
damage limitation and	on fire and in neighbouring premises
mitigation at an incident	

# 5. Appliances and Equipment

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
5.1 Describe the design and use of pumping appliances	<ul> <li>Advantages and disadvantages of the various pump mounting positions</li> <li>General principles involved in getting pumping appliances to work</li> </ul>
5.2 Describe the design and use of pumps and primers	<ul> <li>The three categories of pumps:</li> <li>Positive displacement pumps:</li> <li>Force</li> </ul>
(N.B. a detailed knowledge of pump characteristics is not required)	<ul> <li>Lift</li> <li>Bucket and Plunger</li> <li>Rotary</li> <li>Centrifugal</li> <li>Ejector</li> <li>The operation of the following primers:         <ul> <li>Reciprocating</li> <li>Exhaust gas ejector</li> <li>Rotary – water ring</li> </ul> </li> <li>How to get a pump to work from:         <ul> <li>a hydrant</li> <li>open water</li> </ul> </li> <li>How to identify and rectify pump faults</li> </ul>
5.3 Describe the design and use of delivery hose	<ul> <li>The construction and characteristics of hose</li> <li>How to take care of hose</li> <li>The causes of damage to hose</li> <li>The advantages and limitations of using hose reels</li> <li>The principles of operating with hose lines at any level, including the use of breechings and variable branches</li> </ul>
5.4 Describe the design and use of branches and nozzles	The design and operation of various hand held branches and nozzels.  The differences between network and many mode repositions.
5.5 Describe the design and use of ropes and lines	<ul> <li>The differences between natural and man-made ropes and lines</li> </ul>

	The lay of a rope
	<ul> <li>The causes of damage and deterioration</li> </ul>
5.6 Describe the design and use of	Water type – gas cartridge
fire extinguishers	Water type – stored pressure
	<ul> <li>Foam type – stored pressure</li> </ul>
	Dry powder type – stored pressure
	Dry powder type – gas cartridge
	Carbon dioxide type
5.7 Describe the types and use of	The classification of foam
firefighting foams	The properties of foam in relation to its expansion
	The uses of the following: protein, fluoroprotein,
	synthetic, film forming, alcohol resistant foam
5.8 Describe the design and use of	The principles of operation of a:
foam making equipment	<ul> <li>low expansion foam branchpipe</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>low expansion foam generator</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>high expansion foam generator</li> </ul>
5.9 Understand the use of breathing	The composition of air before inhalation and after
apparatus	exhalation
	The working duration of breathing apparatus
	<ul> <li>The use of a personal line and a guide line for use with breathing apparatus</li> </ul>
5.10 Describe the design and use of	The construction of a 10.5 m ladder
ladders	The construction of a 13.5 m ladder
	<ul> <li>Safety precautions to be observed when handling,</li> </ul>
	pitching and climbing ladders
	General principles of working with ladders
	Safe and unsafe working angles when pitching ladders
	Acceptable alternative uses for fire service ladders
5.11 Describe and understand the	Types of equipment to include:
types of equipment used in	Radiation measuring equipment
relation to hazardous	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment (PPE)</li> </ul>
substance incidents	Decontamination equipment

# **Section 3: Fire Safety**

## 1. Elements of Construction

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Understand the use to which the	Building materials to include:
building materials are put and	Timber
their behaviour in fire	Stone
	Brick
	Cement
	Concrete (reinforced and pre-stressed)
	Metals
	Glass
	Building boards and slabs
	Insulating materials
	Paint
	Plastics
	Insulating boards
1.2 Recognise elements of structure,	Elements of structure to include:
state their function and	Columns
understand their fire resistance	Beams
	Walls
	• Floors
	Roofs
	Non-load bearing walls and partitions
	Stairways
	• Doors
	Windows
	Roof lights
	Ceilings

# 2. Fire Safety Practice

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
2.1 Understand the basic principles	Definition of "means of escape"
of means of escape in case of a	Principles of the following in relation to the means of
fire	escape:
	<ul> <li>Construction</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Time of evacuation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Occupancy</li> </ul>
	o Exits
	<ul> <li>Travel distance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Place of safety</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Management control</li> </ul>
2.2 Describe the fire safety factors	The causes of fire in the home
to be taken into account in	Common types of behaviour that lead to fires starting in
domestic premises	the home
	The actions to be included in an escape plan for the

	<ul> <li>home</li> <li>The advice that should be given about tackling a fire in the home and two types of fire extinguisher that may safely be used</li> <li>Passive and active measures of protection</li> </ul>
2.3 Understand the basic principles and operation of fire alarm systems	<ul><li>Manual systems</li><li>Manual/Electrical systems</li><li>Restricted alarms</li></ul>
2.4 Understand the basic principles of Automatic Fire Detection (AFD) and describe the types of detectors and systems	<ul> <li>Definition of a detector</li> <li>Ionisation smoke detectors</li> <li>Optical smoke detectors</li> <li>Radiation</li> <li>Heat</li> <li>Detector Circuits:         <ul> <li>Open Circuit</li> <li>Closed Circuit</li> <li>Wiring and power supplies</li> <li>Control and indicating equipment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2.5 Describe the design and use of domestic smoke alarms and domestic sprinklers	<ul> <li>The functions of a domestic smoke alarm</li> <li>The points to consider when installing a domestic smoke alarm</li> <li>The advantages of domestic sprinkler systems compared with smoke alarms</li> </ul>

# 3. Fixed Installations

<b>Assessment Objective</b>	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Outline the basic design	Sprinkler systems
features, use and operation of	Drencher and water spray projector systems
different types of fixed	Rising mains
installations	Hose reels
	Foam systems
	Gas/vapour systems
	Dry powder systems